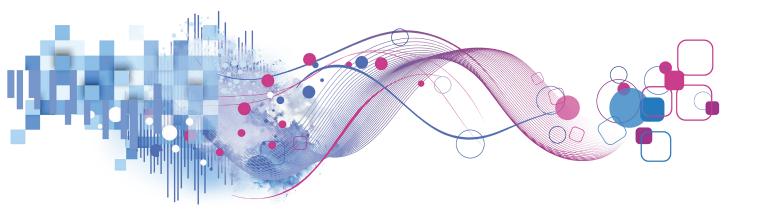


Experian Consumer Credit Default Index

Monthly Update December 2017







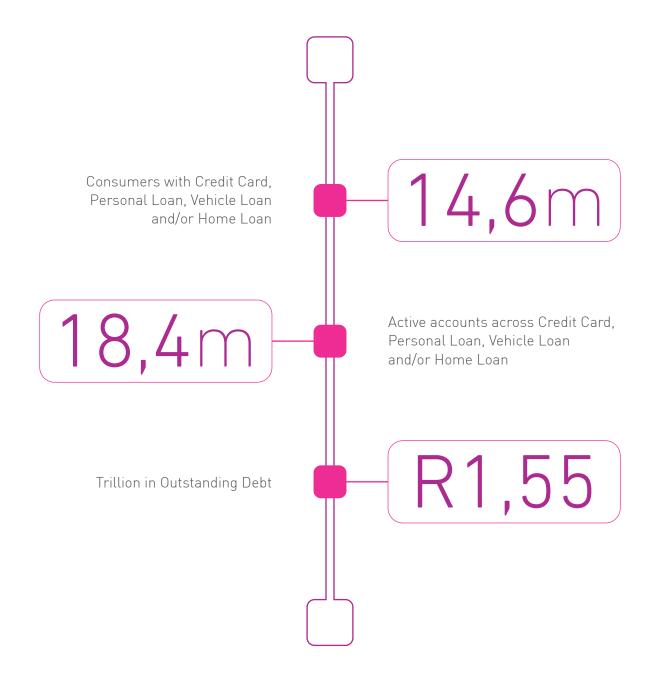


What it measures?

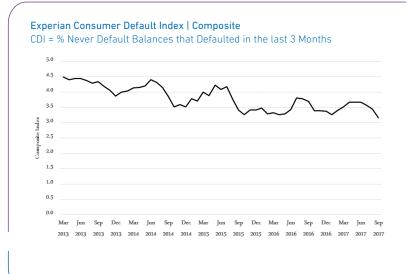
The Experian Consumer Default Index (CDI) is designed to measure the rate of first time default of South African consumers with Home Loan, Vehicle Loan, Personal Loan and Credit Card accounts.

On a monthly basis, lenders typically classify their consumer accounts into one of several predetermined payment categories to reflect the level of arrears. When a lender deems the statement balance of a consumer account to be uncollectible due to it being in arrears 90 or more days or statuses such as repossession, foreclosure, charge-off or write-off, the consumer account is said to be in default.

The index measures the sum of first-time (accounts that have never) defaulted balances as a percentage of the total sum of balances outstanding. Published on a monthly basis, with a 2 month lag, the indices include a composite index that measures performance across Home Loan, Vehicle Loan, Credit Card and Personal Loan accounts. In addition, there are also 4 product specific sub-indices. Each of the indices are also determined at Mosaic segmentation level to provide further insight into the dynamics faced by specific consumer segments that are experiencing different stress due to macro forces such as unemployment, interest rate changes and economic growth.







MONTHLY HIGHLIGHTS

Overall Index improved from 3.69% in Sep 2016 to 3.16% in Sep 2017.

The total amount for first-time credit defaulters was R 12.21 bn during the period July to September 2017.

Experian Consumer Default Index | Product Level CDI = % Never Default Balances that Defaulted in the last 3 Months 18.0 16.0 14.0 12.0 Product Level Index 10.0 8.0 6.0 4.0 2.0 0.0 Mar Jun Sep Dec Mar Jun Sep Dec Mar Iun Sep Dec Mar Jun Sep Dec Mar Jun Sep 2013 2013 2013 2013 2014 2014 2014 2014 2015 2015 2015 2015 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2017 2017 2017 Home Loan Index Vehicle Loan Index Credit Card Index Personal Loan Index

MONTHLY HIGHLIGHTS

Improvement in index observed across Personal Loans, Credit Card, Home Loans and Vehicle Finance.

Personal loans were the most significant having moved from 9.03% in Sep 2016 to 7.67% in Sep 2017.

Experian CDI	CDI Sep'17	CDI Sep'16	Average Outstanding Jul'17 - Sep'17	New Default Balances Jul'17 - Sep'17
Composite Index	3,16	3,69	1,545,578,611,300	12,213,726,729
Home Loan Index	1,50	1,88	820,800,023,587	3,081,814,243
Vehicle Loan Index	2,93	2,95	375,319,874,617	2,748,523,871
Credit Card Index	6,48	6,96	107,223,259,181	1,737,728,377
Personal Loan Index	7,67	9,03	242,235,453,915	4,645,660,238

Mosaic Segmentation

What is Mosaic?

Experian Marketing Solutions' Mosaic SA is a consumer lifestyle segmentation system that classifies the South African population and enumeration areas into 36 unique types and 9 overarching groups, providing a 360-degree view of consumers' choices, preferences and habits.

This classification system paints a rich picture of SA consumers and their socio-demographics, lifestyles, behaviours, and culture, providing marketers with the most accurate and comprehensive view of their customers, prospects, and markets. Mosaic SA offers a common customer language to define, measure, describe and engage target audiences through accurate segment definitions that enable more strategic and sophisticated conversations with consumers.

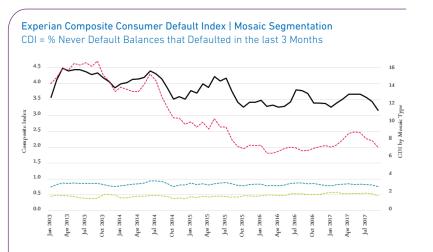
All of the indices are also determined at Mosaic segmentation level to provide further insight into the dynamics faced by specific consumer segments that are experiencing different stress due to macro forces such as unemployment, interest rate changes and economic growth.

Group	Description	Туре	Description	
A	Wealth To Do 9,84%	A1 A2 A3 A4 A5	Secured Affluence Hard-working Money Platteland Progressives	0,70% 2.65% 2,83% 2,57% 1,09%
В	Up-and-Coming 4,37%	B6 B7 B8 B9	Would-be Wealth City Convenience	1,04% 0,84% 1,47% 1,02%
С	Township Traditionalists 7,56%	C10 C11 C12	Adult Township Families	2,23% 2,21% 3,11%
D	Loyal Labourers 7,84%	D13 D14 D15 D16 D17	Manufactory Middle Class Farmworking Communities Senior Migrant Farmhands	1,85% 1,30% 2,51% 0,74% 1,44%
E	Blue-collar Communities 18,43%	E18 E19 E20 E21 E22 E23	Middle-aged Marginalists Coastal Low-wage Households Informal Country Tenants Breadline Families	4,43% 3,18% 3,66% 3,46% 2,23% 1,39%
F	Young Urban Survivors 9,28%	F24 F25 F26	Indigent Township Families	1,53% 3,86% 3,89%
G	State Dependents 11,46%	G27 G28 G29 G30	Poor RDP Households Impoverished Grant Reliants	4,14% 3,08% 2,27% 1,97%
Н	Rural Traditionalists 17,97%	H31 H32 H33	Inland Traditional Gap Households	7,07% 6,88% 4,03%
	Outskirts Families 13,24%	134 135 136	Baseline Gap Families	7,28% 2,82% 3,14%

*percentages relate to proportion of SA population and not the index value per segment



Experian CDI | Mosaic Segmentation



3.16%

of balances on an annualized basis defaulted for first time over the period Jul to Sep 2017

R12,21

in value defaulted for first time over the period Jul to Sep 2017

type A02 - los est CDI _____Mosaic type F25 - highest CDI

Experian CDI	CDI Sep'17	CDI Sep'16	New Default Balances Jul'17 - Sep'17)
Composite Index	3,16	3,69	12,213,726,729	
Mosaic type A03 - Largest credit exposure	2,72	3,07	1,384,953,370	
Mosaic type A02 - Lowest CDI	1,69	1,96	820,558,930	
Mosaic type F25 - Highest CDI	7,19	6,84	148,149,517	

A03 – Hard Working Money

Middle-aged educated families, with a mid to high income living in the suburbs around industrial and mining areas recorded an improved CDI of 2.72% in Sep 2017 compared to the 3.07% in Sep 2016.

Mature, well educated, wealthy couples living in free-standing high-value established homes in city suburbs recorded the lowest CDI of 1.69% in Sep 2017 which was an improvement on the 1.96% recorded in Sep 2016.

E23 - Modest Township Living

Mixed-age, minimum wage, extended families, living in their own small shacks or poor quality housing recorded the best year on year improvement in CDI from 4.48% in Sep 2016 to 3.78% in Sep 2017.

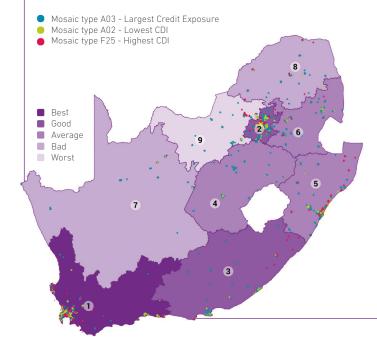
F25 – Indigent Township Families

Very low income, mostly unemployed, young families living in small properties or in a room of shared-housing in densely populated areas remained the worst performing segment with a CDI of 7.19% in Sep 2017 compared to the 6.84% recorded in Sep 2016.

135 - Baseline Gap Families

Households headed mostly by unemployed grandparents with many children, in relatively rural areas like Limpopo and Mpumalanga recorded the worst year on year deterioration moving from 3.98% in Sep 2016 to 5.13% in Sep 2017.





Geospatial & Mosaic Insights

CDI

2,32

2,94

3.32

3,33

3,39

3,86

4.01

4.06

4 08

Province & Rank

1. Western Cape

3. Eastern Cape

5. KwaZulu-Natal

6. Mpumalanga

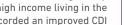
7. Northern Cape

4. Free State

8. Limpopo 9 North West

2. Gauteng





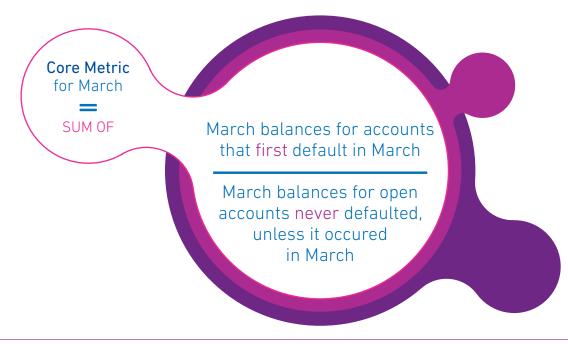
A02 – Secured Affluence

Appendix

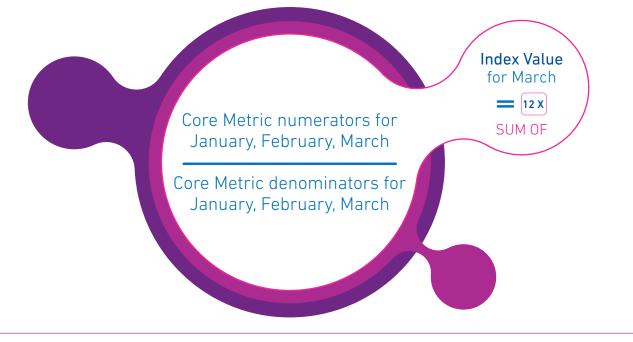
How is the Experian CDI calculated?

A cleaner way to look at consumer credit trends: new, incremental default rates





The index is the 3-month, balance-weighed moving average of the core metric,



An index of 8.1751 means: annualized rate of 8.1751% of never-defaulted balances defaulted in the recent three months



Appendix

Experian CDI readings for each Mosaic segmentation type



