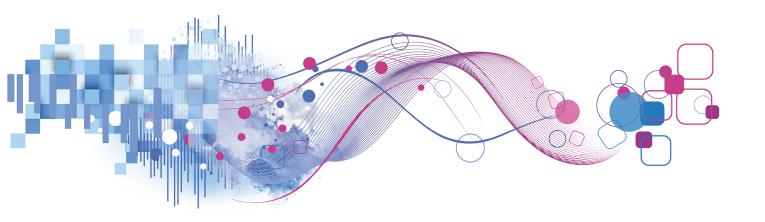


Experian Consumer Credit Default Index

Monthly Update - March 2018



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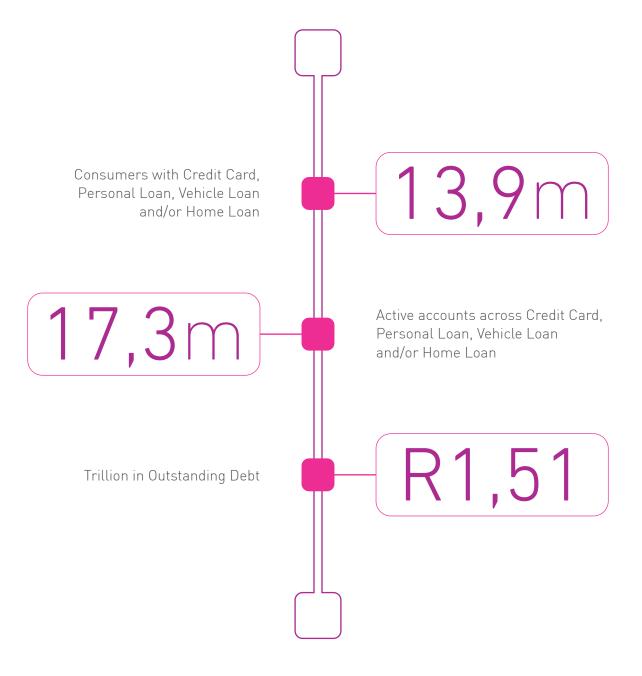
Experian Consumer Default Index (CDI) Overview

What it measures?

The Experian Consumer Default Index (CDI) is designed to measure the rate of first time default of South African consumers with Home Loan, Vehicle Loan, Personal Loan and Credit Card accounts.

On a monthly basis, lenders typically classify their consumer accounts into one of several predetermined payment categories to reflect the level of arrears. When a lender deems the statement balance of a consumer account to be uncollectible due to it being in arrears 90 or more days or statuses such as repossession, foreclosure, charge-off or write-off, the consumer account is said to be in default.

The index measures the sum of first-time (accounts that have never) defaulted balances as a percentage of the total sum of balances outstanding. Published on a monthly basis, with a 2 month lag, the indices include a composite index that measures performance across Home Loan, Vehicle Loan, Credit Card and Personal Loan accounts. In addition, there are also 4 product specific sub-indices. Each of the indices are also determined at Mosaic segmentation level to provide further insight into the dynamics faced by specific consumer segments that are experiencing different stress due to macro forces such as unemployment, interest rate changes and economic growth.

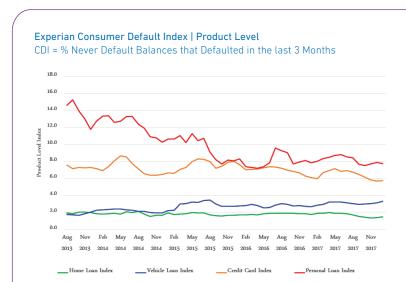


Experian CDI | Composite & Product Level

Experian Consumer Default Index | Composite CDI = % Never Default Balances that Defaulted in the last 3 Months 5.0 4.5 4.0 3.5 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 Aug Nov Feb May Aug N

MONTHLY HIGHLIGHTS

Overall index improved from 3.27% in Jan 2017 to 3.19% in Jan 2018, but tracking higher than the 3.15% recorded for Dec 2017.



MONTHLY HIGHLIGHTS

Deterioration continued in Vehicle Finance.

Experian CDI	CDI Jan'18	CDI Jan'17	Average Outstanding Nov'17 - Jan'18	New Default Balances Nov'17 - Jan'18
Composite Index	3,19	3,27	1,532,021,246,148	11,955,248,429
Home Loan Index	1,45	1,74	799,475,913,404	2,756,833,512
Vehicle Loan Index	3,29	2,67	385,437,757,467	2,900,000,449
Credit Card Index	5,71	6,09	107,947,782,437	1,593,045,977
Personal Loan Index	7,73	7,85	239,159,792,840	4,705,368,491

Mosaic Segmentation

What is Mosaic?

Experian Marketing Solutions' Mosaic SA is a consumer lifestyle segmentation system that classifies the South African population and enumeration areas into 36 unique types and 9 overarching groups, providing a 360-degree view of consumers' choices, preferences and habits.

This classification system paints a rich picture of SA consumers and their socio-demographics, lifestyles, behaviours, and culture, providing marketers with the most accurate and comprehensive view of their customers, prospects, and markets. Mosaic SA offers a common customer language to define, measure, describe and engage target audiences through accurate segment definitions that enable more strategic and sophisticated conversations with consumers.

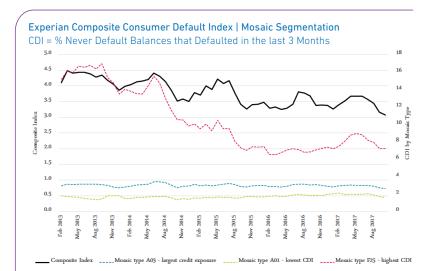
All of the indices are also determined at Mosaic segmentation level to provide further insight into the dynamics faced by specific consumer segments that are experiencing different stress due to macro forces such as unemployment, interest rate changes and economic growth.

Group	Description	Туре	Description
A	Wealth To Do 9,84%	A1 A2 A3 A4 A5	Midlife Cruisers0,70%Secured Affluence2.65%Hard-working Money2,83%Platteland Progressives2,57%Prosperous Pensioners1,09%
В	Up-and-Coming 4,37%	B6 B7 B8 B9	Upwardly Mobile 1,04% Would-be Wealth 0,84% City Convenience 1,47% Student Digs 1,02%
C	Township Traditionalists 7,56%	C10 C11 C12	Diligent Settlement Households2,23%Adult Township Families2,21%Elderly-headed Homes3,11%
D	Loyal Labourers 7,84%	D13 D14 D15 D16 D17	In the Family 1,85% Manufactory Middle Class 1,30% Farmworking Communities 2,51% Senior Migrant Farmhands 0,74% Migratory Hard Labour 1,44%
E	Blue-collar Communities 18,43%	E18 E19 E20 E21 E22 E23	Generational Township Family4,43%Middle-aged Marginalists3,18%Coastal Low-wage Households3,66%Informal Country Tenants3,46%Breadline Families2,23%Modest Township Living1,39%
F	Young Urban Survivors 9,28%	F24 F25 F26	Migrant City Settler1,53%Indigent Township Families3,86%Single Room Landlords3,89%
G	State Dependents 11,46%	G27 G28 G29 G30	Sustainable RDP Families 4,14% Poor RDP Households 3,08% Impoverished Grant Reliants 2,27% Penniless Grant Transients 1,97%
Н	Rural Traditionalists 17,97%	H31 H32 H33	Eastern Tribal Gap Households 7,07% Inland Traditional Gap Households 6,88% Senior Single Traditionalists 4,03%
	Outskirts Families 13,24%	134 135 136	Borderline Gap Households 7,28% Baseline Gap Families 2,82% Minimum Wage Rural Families 3,14%

 $^{^{}st}$ percentages relate to proportion of SA population and not the index value per segment



Experian CDI | Mosaic Segmentation



3,19%

of balances on an annualized basis defaulted for first time over the period Nov 2017 to Jan 2018

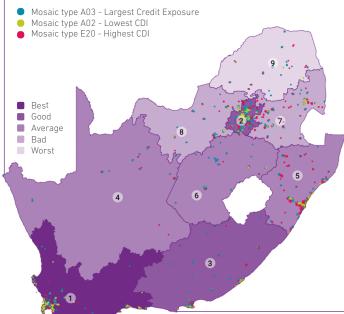
R11,95bn

in value defaulted for first time over the period Nov 2017 to Jan 2018

Experian CDI	CDI Jan'18	CDI Jan'17	New Default Balances Nov'17 - Jan'18	J
Composite Index	3,19	3,27	11,955,248,429	
Mosaic type A03 - Largest credit exposure	2,65	2,84	1,323,479,333	
Mosaic type A02 - Lowest CDI	1,81	1,95	847,281,786	
Mosaic type E20 - Highest CDI	7,13	7,12	523,928,857	

Geospatial & Mosaic Insights

Province & Rank	CDI
 Western Cape 	2,20
2. Gauteng	2,95
3. Eastern Cape	3,36
4. Northern Cape	3,41
5. KwaZulu-Natal	3,64
6. Free State	3,65
7. Mpumalanga	3,81
8. North West	4,01
9. Limpopo	4,08



A03 - Hard Working Money

Middle-aged educated families, with a mid to high income living in the suburbs around industrial and mining areas recorded an improved CDI of 2.65% in Jan 2018 compared to the 2.84% in Jan 2017.

A02 - Secured Affluence

Mature, well educated, wealthy couples living in free-standing high-value established homes in city suburbs recorded the lowest CDI of 1.81% in Jan 2018 which was an improvement on the 1.95% recorded in Jan 2017.

G29 - Impoverished Grant Reliants

Families with children relying on government grants and living rent-free in informal dwellings in residential areas recorded the best year on year improvement in CDI from 5.56% in Jan 2017 to 4.27% in Jan 2018.

E20 - Coastal Low-wage Households

Large young households with a high unemployment rate, living in small low-value coastal township properties were the worst performing segment with a CDI of 7.13% in Jan 2018 compared to the 7.12% recorded in Jan 2017.

136 - Minimum Wage Rural Families

Mixed-age families on minimum wages, living in small informal dwellings in the rural areas of the Northern Cape and the Free State recorded the worst year on year deterioration moving from 5.52% in Jan 2017 to 6.52% in Jan 2018.







Appendix

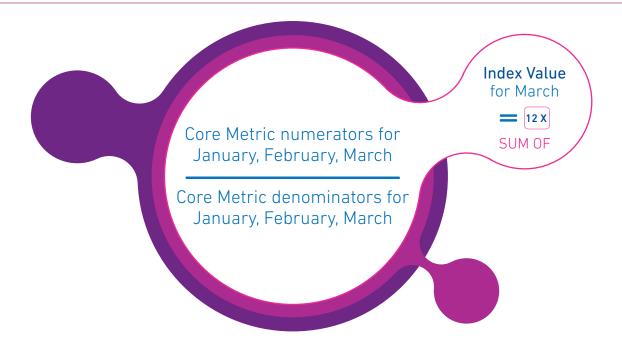
How is the Experian CDI calculated?

A cleaner way to look at consumer credit trends: new, incremental default rates

Published monthly, each index is based upon the following core metric: percent of open, outstanding credit newly in default in the most recent month



The index is the 3-month, balance-weighed moving average of the core metric,



An index of 8.1751 means: annualized rate of 8.1751% of never-defaulted balances defaulted in the recent three months



Experian CDI readings for each Mosaic segmentation type

	MOSAIC	CDI	CDI	Average Outstanding	New Default Balances
		Jan'18	Jan'17	Nov'17 - Jan'18	Nov'17 - Jan'18
A1	Midlife Cruisers Secured Affluence Hard-working Money Platteland Progressive Prosperous Pensioners	1,88	2,05	113,469,366,048	177,741,165
A2		1,81	1,95	187,647,424,225	282,427,262
A3		2,65	2,84	199,703,368,779	441,159,778
A4		2,71	2,66	72,642,022,735	164,012,954
A5		2,47	2,11	25,493,258,256	52,421,617
B6	Upwardly Mobile	2,07	1,97	119,589,436,021	206,418,878
B7	Would-be Wealth	3,16	3,60	57,802,393,861	152,015,201
B8	City Convenience	2,05	2,13	95,790,120,923	163,352,750
B9	Student Digs	3,17	2,93	15,241,539,139	40,292,828
C10	Diligent Settlement Households	3,55	3,92	66,871,994,898	198,060,955
C11	Adult Township Families	4,16	4,19	26,235,828,953	90,951,316
C12	Elderly-headed Homes	3,55	3,66	48,060,997,002	142,041,131
D13	In the Family	3,70	3,95	103,309,214,193	318,118,614
D14	Manufactory Middle Class	5,03	5,21	34,635,420,451	145,114,389
D15	Farmworking Communities	2,78	2,63	25,466,678,849	58,913,633
D16	Senior Migrant Farmhands	3,55	4,83	2,964,208,862	8,757,117
D17	Migratory Hard Labour	4,32	3,80	8,240,905,420	29,677,623
E18	Generational Township Family	5,74	5,83	16,895,661,097	80,815,531
E19	Middle-aged Marginalists	5,67	6,41	12,310,195,887	58,143,854
E20	Coastal Low-wage Households	7,13	7,12	29,407,336,412	174,642,952
E21	Informal Country Tenants	6,22	6,40	10,571,110,910	54,808,525
E22	Breadline Families	4,27	4,62	18,375,134,740	65,350,131
E23	Modest Township Living	3,65	3,07	2,475,085,123	7,538,622
=24	Migrant City Settler	3,98	4,53	25,468,850,321	84,481,375
=25	Indigent Township Families	6,97	7,22	8,537,747,240	49,605,691
=26	Single Room Landlords	6,58	6,70	23,977,96694,250	131,492,775
G27	Sustainable RDP Families Poor RDP Households Impoverished Grant Reliants Penniless Grant Transients	6,32	6,18	11,228,650,512	59,116,538
G28		6,41	6,24	10,695,219,307	57,119,890
G29		4,27	5,56	1,343,365,486	4,780,757
G30		4,86	5,58	1,927,147,152	7,803,533
H31	Eastern Tribal Gap Households	6,04	5.90	2,279,923,697	11,478,867
H32	Inland Traditional Gap Households	4,91	5.25	8,191,487,006	33,513,796
H33	Senior Single Traditionalists	4,09	4.57	1,450,145,676	4,942,815
134	Borderline Gap Households	4,35	4,58	13,389,260,198	48,534,500
135	Baseline Gap Families	4,38	4,73	6,431,484,309	23,489,871
136	Minimum Wage Rural Families	6,52	5,52	2,096,261,518	11,394,279